



# **Earsham CE VA Primary School**

**We aim to provide a happy, purposeful, Christian environment, in which each child feels secure and develops self-confidence, enabling them to flourish and reach their full potential.  
Children's learning journeys are enhanced by working together with the wider community.**

## **Preventing Extremism & Radicalisation Policy**

# Policy for the Prevention of Extremism and Radicalisation

## Earsham C.E.V.A Primary School Policy Consultation & Review

This policy is available on our school website and in hardcopy from the school office on request.

The policy is provided to all staff and should be read in conjunction with the following policies:

- Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy
- Equality Policy
- Anti-Bullying Policy
- E-Safety Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct
- Whistle-blowing Policy

This policy will be reviewed in full by the Governing Body on an annual basis as part of the review of the Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy. This policy was last reviewed and agreed by the Governing Body on 27/09/16. It is due for review in autumn term 2017

Signature    S Armstrong                      Headteacher                      Date: 27/09/17

Signature    S Cramp                                      Chair of Governors                      Date: 27/09/17

## CONTENTS

<b>Section</b>	
<b>1</b>	<b>Purpose &amp; Aims</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Roles &amp; Responsibilities</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Training</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>The role of the curriculum</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Visitors &amp; the use of School Premises</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Procedures for Managing Concerns</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Related Policies</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Statutory Framework</b>
<b>Appendices</b>	
<b>1</b>	<b>Glossary of Terms</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Vulnerability Checklist</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Person Vulnerable to Radicalisation (VTR) Referral Form</b>

## **1. PURPOSE & AIMS**

1.1 Earsham C.E.V.A Primary School is fully committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of all its pupils. We recognise that safeguarding against radicalisation and extremism is no different to safeguarding against any other vulnerability in today's society.

1.2 Our school fully recognises the contribution it can make to promoting the welfare of children and protecting them from harm. This policy sets out our strategies and procedures to protect vulnerable pupils from being radicalised or exposed to extremist views. The elements of our policy are prevention, protection and support.

1.3 At Earsham C.E.V.A Primary School, we will ensure that:

- All staff, volunteers and governors, have an understanding of what radicalisation and extremism is and why we need to be vigilant in school.
- Through training, staff, volunteers and governors will know what the school policy is on tackling extremism and radicalisation and how to respond when concerns arise.
- Through our curriculum, we will promote the spiritual, moral, social and cultural development of pupils.
- Parents/carers and pupils will know that the school has policies in place to keep pupils safe from harm and that the school regularly reviews these systems to ensure they are appropriate and effective.

1.4 This policy applies to all pupils, staff, parents, governors, volunteers and visitors.

1.5 A glossary of related terms and indicators of vulnerability to extremism can be found in Appendices 1 & 2 of this policy.

## **2. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

2.1 It is the responsibility of *every* member of staff, volunteer and regular visitor to our school to ensure that they carry out the requirements of this policy and, at all times, work in a way that will safeguard and promote the welfare of all of the pupils at this school.

2.2 The Governing Body of Earsham C.E.V.A Primary School is accountable for ensuring the effectiveness of this policy and our compliance with it. The Governing Body will ensure that:

- This policy is reviewed annually alongside our Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy.
- All staff undertake appropriate training that equips them with the skills to identify and respond appropriately to concerns regarding extremism and radicalisation.
- The Headteacher and Designated Safeguarding Lead will assess the risk of pupils being drawn into extremist views. The risk assessment may include consideration of the school's curriculum, the use of school premises by external agencies and any other local issues relating to the school community.
- A broad curriculum is in place to deliver the spiritual, moral, social and cultural development of pupils.
- Appropriate safeguarding arrangements are in place by working in partnership with other agencies and communities as required.
- There are systems in place for keeping pupils safe from extremist material when accessing the internet in our school by using effective filtering and usage policies.

2.3 The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) will carry out their role in accordance with the responsibilities outlined in Annex A of *'Keeping Children Safe in Education'*. As part of this responsibility, the DSL will act as the point of contact within our school for any concerns relating to radicalisation and extremism. The school will follow statutory guidance issued under section 29 of the CDSA 2015. Paragraphs 57-76 of the Revised Prevent duty guidance: for England and Wales.

2.4 The DSL at Earsham C.E.V.A Primary School will make referrals in accordance with Norfolk Channel procedures to the MASH Team where appropriate and will represent our school at Channel meetings as required.

2.5 The DSL is responsible for ensuring that all staff members and volunteers are aware of our policy and the procedures they need to follow. They will ensure that all staff have received appropriate training.

### **3. TRAINING**

3.1 Through training, we will ensure that all of our staff are made fully aware of the threats, risks and vulnerabilities that are linked to radicalisation. Staff will be able to identify children at risk of being drawn into extremism and develop the confidence to challenge extremist ideas. All staff will understand how we can provide support to ensure that our pupils are resilient and supported to resist involvement in radical or extreme activities. Prevent e-learning training was completed by all staff 18/09/17

3.2 Our governing body will also undertake appropriate training to ensure they are able to carry out their duty to safeguard all of the children at our school.

### **4. THE ROLE OF THE CURRICULUM**

4.1 At Earsham C.E.V.A Primary School we will provide pupils with a broad and balanced curriculum and promote the spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC) development of our pupils. Pupils will be encouraged to regard people of all faiths, races and cultures with respect and tolerance.

4.2 Through our curriculum we will aim to:

- enable students to develop their self-knowledge, self-esteem and self-confidence;
- enable students to distinguish right from wrong and to respect the civil and criminal law of England;
- encourage students to accept responsibility for their behaviour, show initiative, and to understand how they can contribute positively to the lives of those living and working in the locality of the school and to society more widely;
- enable students to acquire a broad general knowledge of and respect for public institutions and services in England;
- further tolerance and harmony between different cultural traditions by enabling students to acquire an appreciation of and respect for their own and other cultures;
- encourage respect for other people; and
- encourage respect for democracy and support for participation in the democratic processes, including respect for the basis on which the law is made and applied in England.

4.3 We will achieve this by using a curriculum that is broad and balanced. That promotes respect, tolerance and diversity. Children are encouraged to share their views and recognise that they are entitled to have their own different beliefs which should not be used to influence others. Our PSHE provision is embedded across the curriculum and is linked to our values for life programme which directs our assemblies and underpins the ethos of the school. It is recognised that children with low aspirations are more vulnerable to radicalisation and therefore we strive to equip our pupils with confidence, self-belief, respect and tolerance as well as setting high standards and expectations for themselves. Children are regularly taught about how to stay safe when using the internet and are encouraged to recognise that people are not always who they say they are online.

## **5. VISITORS AND THE USE OF SCHOOL PREMISES**

5.1 At Earsham C.E.V.A Primary School we recognise the role that external agencies and speakers can play in enhancing the learning experiences of our pupils. Where we use external agencies and individuals in this way, we will positively vet them to ensure that their messages are consistent with, and not in opposition to, the school's values and ethos.

5.2 Our school will assess the suitability and effectiveness of input from external agencies or individuals to ensure that:

- Any messages communicated to pupils are consistent with the ethos of the school and do not marginalise any communities, groups or individuals;

- Any messages do not seek to glorify criminal activity or violent extremism or seek to radicalise pupils through extreme or narrow views of faith, religion or culture or other ideologies;
- Activities are properly embedded in the curriculum and clearly mapped to schemes of work to avoid contradictory messages or duplication;
- Activities are matched to the needs of pupils;
- Activities are carefully evaluated by schools to ensure that they are effective.

5.3 Any guest speakers or external agencies will be provided with a copy of our safeguarding procedures on arrival at the school and will be appropriately supervised at all times.

5.4 When an agreement is made to allow non-school groups or organisations to use the school premises, appropriate checks will be made before agreeing the contract. Usage will be monitored and in the event of any behaviour not in-keeping with the Tackling Extremism and Radicalisation Policy, the school will contact the police and terminate the arrangement.

## **6. PROCEDURES FOR MANAGING CONCERNS**

6.1 Earsham C.E.V.A Primary School adheres to the procedures that have been agreed locally through the Norfolk Children's Safeguarding Board for safeguarding individuals vulnerable to extremism and radicalisation. Please also refer to our Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy for further information about our wider safeguarding responsibilities.

6.2 We recognise that staff at our school play a particularly important role as they are in a position to identify concerns early and provide help for children to prevent concerns from escalating. **All staff are advised to maintain an attitude of *'it could happen here'* where safeguarding is concerned and this includes vulnerability to radicalisation.**

6.3 At all times we will work in partnership and endeavour to establish effective working relationships with parents, carers and colleagues from other agencies in line with Working Together to Safeguard Children (2015).

6.4 The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) should be used as a first point of contact any safeguarding concerns in our school. Any member of staff or visitor to the school who receives a disclosure of or suspects that a child is at risk of radicalisation must report it immediately to the DSL or, if unavailable, to the alternate designated person. In the absence of either of the above, the matter should be brought to the attention of the most senior member of staff.

6.5 Following receipt of any information raising concern about vulnerability to radicalisation, the DSL will consider what action to take and will follow the Norfolk Channel procedures by making a referral via the MASH as required. All information and actions taken, including the reasons for any decisions made, will be fully documented.

6.6 All Channel referrals will be made using the referral form that can be found at Appendix 3.

6.7 If an allegation is made or information is received about an adult who works in our setting which indicates that they may be unsuitable to work with children because of concerns relating to extremism and radicalisation, the member of staff receiving the information should inform the Headteacher or Chair of Governors immediately in line with the procedures outlined in our Safeguarding Policy and the Whistleblowing Policy.

## **7. RELEVANT POLICIES**

7.1 To underpin the values and ethos of our school and our intent to ensure that pupils at our school are appropriately safeguarded, the following policies should be read in conjunction with this policy:

### **Whole School Safeguarding and Child protection Policy reviewed July 2017**

The purpose of Earsham C.E. V.A. Primary School's safeguarding policy is to ensure every child who is a registered pupil at our school is safe and protected from harm. This means we will always work to;

- Protect our children / young people from maltreatment
- Prevent impairment of our children's / young people's health or development
- Ensure that our children / young people grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care
- Undertake that role so as to enable our children/young people to have optimum life chances and enter adulthood successfully.

### **Anti-Bullying Policy reviewed Summer 2017**

Earsham C.E. V.A. Primary School will not tolerate any form of bullying. We believe that pupils and staff have the right to learn in an affirming and safe environment which promotes positive personal growth and self-esteem for all.

### **Equalities Policy reviewed Summer 2016**

The Single Equality Scheme states that inclusion for all pupils will be achieved by ensuring the learning environment, resources and activities are appropriate to each child. All staff are committed to inclusion and plan lessons that dispel stereotypical attitudes and discrimination.

### **E-safety Policy reviewed Autumn 2017**

In common with most technologies, Internet use presents risks as well as benefits. Pupils could be placed in inappropriate and even dangerous situations without mediated Internet access. The headteacher and ICT coordinator will pass on current information and recommendations by CEOP, the Child Exploitation and On-line Protection Centre to staff and parents. Teachers will use CEOP's "ThinkUKnow" website with children in every class to ensure they understand the dangers of some internet use and are able to make the right choices themselves. Parents will be

encouraged to access these materials at home with their children to embed these important safeguarding principles.

### **Health and Safety including site security Policy due to be reviewed Spring 2017**

The Health and Safety Policy is adhered to in everything we do. The learning environment, resources and activities are planned by staff to take account of this. Children are encouraged to be safety conscious and contribute to the risk assessment process themselves.

**Whistle-blowing County Policy reviewed and shared with all staff yearly.**

## **8. STATUTORY FRAMEWORK**

8.1 This policy has been devised in accordance with the following legislation and local and national guidance:

- Norfolk Channel Procedures
- The Counter-Terrorism & Security Act 2015
- 'Prevent Duty Guidance: for England & Wales', HM Government (2015)
- '[Promoting fundamental British values as part of SMSC in schools: Departmental advice for maintained schools](#)', DfE (2014)
- '[Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)', DfE (2016)
- '[Working Together to Safeguard Children: A guide to inter-agency working to safeguard and promote the welfare of children](#)', DfE (2015)
- '[Information Sharing: Advice for practitioners](#)', DfE (March 2015)

## Appendix 1: Glossary of Terms<sup>1</sup>

**‘Extremism’** is defined in the 2011 Prevent Strategy as vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs. We also include in our definition of extremism calls for the death of members of our armed forces, whether in this country or overseas.

**‘Non-violent extremism’** is extremism, as defined above, which is not accompanied by violence.

**‘Prevention’** in the context of the Prevent duty means reducing or eliminating the risk of individuals becoming involved in terrorism. Prevent includes but is not confined to the identification and referral of those at risk of being drawn into terrorism into appropriate interventions. These interventions aim to divert vulnerable people from radicalisation.

**‘Radicalisation’** refers to the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and extremist ideologies associated with terrorist groups.

The current UK definition of **‘terrorism’** is given in the Terrorism Act 2000 (TACT 2000). In summary this defines terrorism as an action that endangers or causes serious violence to a person/people; causes serious damage to property; or seriously interferes or disrupts an electronic system. The use or threat must be designed to influence the government or to intimidate the public and is made for the purpose of advancing a political, religious or ideological cause.

**‘Terrorist-related offences’** are those (such as murder) which are not offences in terrorist legislation, but which are judged to be committed in relation to terrorism.

**‘Vulnerability’** describes the condition of being capable of being injured; difficult to defend; open to moral or ideological attack. Within Prevent, the word describes factors and characteristics associated with being susceptible to radicalisation.

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<sup>1</sup> Taken from Prevent Duty Guidance: England & Wales, HM Government 2015

## Appendix 2: Warning Signs/Indicators of Concern

There is no such thing as a “typical extremist”: those who become involved in extremist actions come from a range of backgrounds and experiences, and most individuals, even those who hold radical views, do not become involved in violent extremist activity.

Pupils may become susceptible to radicalisation through a range of social, personal and environmental factors. It is vital that school staff are able to recognise those vulnerabilities. However, this list is not exhaustive, nor does it mean that all young people experiencing the above are at risk of radicalisation for the purposes of violent extremism.

Factors which may make pupils more vulnerable may include:

- **Identity Crisis:** the pupil is distanced from their cultural/religious heritage and experiences discomfort about their place in society.
- **Personal Crisis:** the pupil may be experiencing family tensions; a sense of isolation; low self-esteem; they may have dissociated from their existing friendship group and become involved with a new and different group of friends; they may be searching for answers to questions about identity, faith and belonging.
- **Personal Circumstances:** migration; local community tensions and events affecting the pupil’s country or region of origin may contribute to a sense of grievance that is triggered by personal experience of racism or discrimination or aspects of Government policy.
- **Unmet Aspirations:** the pupil may have perceptions of injustice; a feeling of failure; rejection of civic life.
- **Experiences of Criminality:** involvement with criminal groups, imprisonment, poor resettlement or reintegration.
- **Special Educational Need:** pupils may experience difficulties with social interaction, empathy with others, understanding the consequences of their actions and awareness of the motivations of others.

Pupils who are vulnerable to radicalisation may also be experiencing:

- Substance and alcohol misuse
- Peer pressure
- Influence from older people or via the Internet
- Bullying
- Domestic violence
- Race/hate crime

**Behaviours which may indicate a child is at risk of being radicalised or exposed to extremist views could include:**

- Being in contact with extremist recruiters and/or spending increasing time in the company of other suspected extremists;
- Loss of interest in other friends and activities not associated with the extremist ideology, group or cause;
- Pupils accessing extremist material online, including through social networking sites;
- Possessing or accessing materials or symbols associated with an extremist cause;
- Using extremist narratives and a global ideology to explain personal disadvantage;
- Pupils voicing opinions drawn from extremist ideologies and narratives, this may include justifying the use of violence to solve societal issues;
- Graffiti symbols, writing or art work promoting extremist messages or images;
- Significant changes to appearance and/or behaviour increasingly centred on an extremist ideology, group or cause;
- Changing their style of dress or personal appearance to accord with the group;
- Attempts to recruit others to the group/cause;
- Using insulting to derogatory names for another group;
- Increase in prejudice-related incidents committed by that person – these may include:
  - physical or verbal assault
  - provocative behaviour
  - damage to property
  - derogatory name calling
  - possession of prejudice-related materials
  - prejudice related ridicule or name calling
  - inappropriate forms of address
  - refusal to co-operate
  - attempts to recruit to prejudice-related organisations
  - condoning or supporting violence towards others.
- Parental reports of changes in behaviour, friendship or actions and requests for assistance;
- Partner schools, local authority services, and police reports of issues affecting pupils in other schools.

**Appendix 3:**

**Person Vulnerable to Radicalisation (VTR) Referral Form**

Jan 2015



RESTRICTED WHEN COMPLETE

<b>Section 1: Person referring to complete (please expand boxes as required)</b>	
<b>Subject's full Name (include all known inc alias/maiden if relevant)</b>	
<b>Date and place of birth</b>	
<b>Full Address</b>	
<b>Spouse/Partner/Parents' names/D.O.B</b>	
<b>Children/Siblings names/D.O.B</b>	
<b>Reason for Referral</b>	
<b>Background and risk issues - Page 4 offers guidance notes (include chronology if known)</b>	
<b>Faith / Ideology</b>	
<b>Personal / emotional &amp; Social</b>	
<b>Risk / Protective factors</b>	

Referrer's full name, role, contact details & date submitted.	Date:
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Once completed, email to Norfolk Multi Agency Safeguarding Hub:  
[MASHSupervisors@norfolk.pnn.police.uk](mailto:MASHSupervisors@norfolk.pnn.police.uk)

<b>Section 2: MASH forward to Norfolk Special Branch by e-mail <a href="mailto:SpecialBranch@norfolk.pnn.police.uk">SpecialBranch@norfolk.pnn.police.uk</a></b> Deconfliction checks completed by SB, form then returned to MASH  <b>MASH complete agency checks</b> This process must only take place <u>after</u> SB deconfliction checks – then return to Special Branch	
<b>MASH system checks</b> (please expand boxes as required)	
Police inc. CIS, PNC, PND	
Adult Services	
Children's Services	
Mental Health	
General Health	
Other (please state)	

<b>Does the information suggest that the individual <u>may</u> specifically be vulnerable to radicalisation?</b>	YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Contact SB/Prevent lead for advice if required.</b> <b>Please notify SB/Prevent lead of all VTR referrals even if 'no' to above</b>
<b>If Yes - Reasons</b>	
<b>If No – Reasons</b> (if applicable, include other safeguarding considerations and the referral route adopted as alternative to VTR process & state name of SB/Prevent Officer this was agreed with)	



and structure your concerns. The list is not exhaustive and other factors may be present but they are intended as a guide to help communicate your professional judgement about what has led you to make this referral.

### **Faith / ideology**

Are they new to a particular faith / faith strand?

Do they seem to have naïve or narrow religious or political views?

Have there been sudden changes in their observance, behaviour, interaction or attendance at their place of worship / organised meeting?

Have there been specific examples or is there an undertone of “Them and Us” language or violent rhetoric being used or behaviour occurring?

Is there evidence of increasing association with a closed tight knit group of individuals / known recruiters / extremists / restricted events?

Are there particular grievances either personal or global that appear to be unresolved / festering?

Has there been an increase in unusual travel abroad without satisfactory explanation?

### **Personal / emotional / social issues**

Is there conflict with their families regarding religious beliefs / lifestyle choices?

Is there evidence of cultural anxiety and / or isolation linked to insularity / lack of integration?

Is there evidence of increasing isolation from family, friends or groups towards a smaller group of individuals or a known location?

Is there history in petty criminality and / or unusual hedonistic behaviour (alcohol/drug use, casual sexual relationships, and addictive behaviours)?

Have they got / had extremist propaganda materials ( DVD's, CD's, leaflets etc.) in their possession?

Do they associate with negative / criminal peers or known groups of concern?

Are there concerns regarding their emotional stability and or mental health?

Is there evidence of participation in survivalist / combat simulation activities, e.g. paint balling?

### **Risk / Protective Factors**

What are the specific factors which are contributing towards making the individual more vulnerable to radicalisation? E.g. mental health, language barriers, cultural anxiety, impressionability, criminality, specific grievance, transitional period in life etc.

Is there any evidence of others targeting or exploiting these vulnerabilities or risks?

What factors are already in place or could be developed to firm up support for the individual or help them increase their resilience to negative influences? E.g. positive family ties, employment, mentor / agency input etc.

## **Related Policies**

**Data Protection** Policy aims to ensure that personal information is dealt with correctly and securely and in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998, and other related legislation.

**Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Development Policy** aims to prepare all pupils for the opportunities, responsibilities and expectations of life.

**The Single Equality Scheme** states that inclusion for all pupils will be achieved by ensuring the learning environment, resources and activities are appropriate to each child. All staff are committed to inclusion and plan lessons that dispel stereotypical attitudes and discrimination.

**The Health and Safety Policy** is adhered to in everything we do. The learning environment, resources and activities are planned by staff to take account of this. Children are encouraged to be safety conscious and contribute to the risk assessment process themselves.

**The Special Educational Needs Policy** stipulates that pupils will be assessed and provided or as an integral part of every lesson. Staff are experienced in effective differentiation and provide opportunities for children to work on their Individual Education Plan targets in all areas of the curriculum.

**The Gifted and Talented Pupil Policy** ensures that children who are on the register are encouraged to reach their potential through extension activities and problem solving challenges.

**Internet Safety and Acceptable Use Policy** - In common with most technologies, Internet use presents risks as well as benefits. Pupils could be placed in inappropriate and even dangerous situations without mediated Internet access. The headteacher and ICT coordinator will pass on current information and recommendations by CEOP, the Child Exploitation and On-line Protection Centre to staff and parents. Teachers will use CEOP's "ThinkUKnow" website with children in every class to ensure they understand the dangers of some internet use and are able to make the right choices themselves. Parents will be encouraged to access these materials at home with their children to embed these important safeguarding principles.

**Prevention of Extremism and Radicalisation** -This policy sets out our strategies and procedures to protect vulnerable pupils from being radicalised or exposed to extremist views. The elements of our policy are prevention, protection and support.

### **Whole School Safeguarding and Child protection Policy**

The purpose of Earsham C.E. V.A. Primary School's safeguarding policy is to ensure every child who is a registered pupil at our school is safe and protected from harm. This means we will always work to;

- Protect our children / young people from maltreatment
- Prevent impairment of our children's / young people's health or development
- Ensure that our children / young people grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care
- Undertake that role so as to enable our children/young people to have optimum life chances and enter adulthood successfully.

### **Behaviour Policy**

At Earsham we believe that helping children develop attitudes that will enable them to become kind, responsible, hardworking citizens is our most far-reaching role. We create overt opportunities for development of their self esteem and work with parents to ensure children grow up with a positive sense of self worth, aware of their rights and responsibilities in a community.

### **Anti-bullying Policy**

Earsham C.E. V.A. Primary School will not tolerate any form of bullying. We believe that pupils and staff have the right to learn in an affirming and safe environment which promotes positive personal growth and self-esteem for all.